



**New Hampshire Department of Safety
Division of Fire Standards & Training
And
Emergency Medical Services**

Administrative Packet for

Rapid Sequence Intubation

**The Role of the NH
EMT-Paramedic**

September 2007

RSI Quality Management Qualifiers

Purpose: The purpose of these qualifiers is to allow an agency to determine whether they are capable and ready to implement a Rapid Sequence Intubation (RSI) program. As all should know, performing an RSI is a serious event with serious complications. Any agency that chooses to implement the program must:

- Have a quality management program in place that includes input from their medical director.

- Produce documentation showing that the service's providers are competent in airway management including BLS management, endotracheal intubation, and rescue airways.

- Have rescue airway and CPAP programs in place.

- Recognize other potential resources that might assist the agency with their RSI efforts.

Qualifier Questions:

1. How does our quality management system work pertaining to airway management?
 - a. How do we monitor airway management at our agency?
 - b. How is our Medical Director involved in airway quality management?
 - c. Do we provide quality feedback to our providers on all intubations?
 - d. Have we ever missed an esophageal intubation?
 - i. What would we do if such an event happened?
 - ii. Do we have all the equipment necessary to prevent such an event?
 - e. How does our agency interact with our medical resource hospital in matters pertaining to airway management?
 - i. What resources will they provide?
 - ii. Do we have access to an OR or similar facility for remediation or training?

2. How many patients, who need to be intubated, arrived at the hospital successfully intubated?
 - a. How many patients should have been intubated?
 - b. How many received rescue airway devices?
 - c. How many patients, who needed to be intubated, were:
 - i. in cardiac arrest?
 - ii. live patients?
 - iii. could have qualified for RSI?
 - d. How many patients were nasally intubated?
 - i. How many of the patients were suffering from CHF?
 - ii. Do we use CPAP?
 1. Why not?

3. Are our providers competent in:
 - a. BLS Airway Management (BVM, suction, oral and nasal airways)
 - b. Rescue Airways (blind insertion airways)

- c. CPAP
- d. Waveform Capnography
- e. ALS Airways (endotracheal intubation, surgical or needle cric)

RSI Prerequisite

LICENSURE:

Paramedic

EXPERIENCE

≥ 2 Year

5 field tubes

EDUCATION:

RSI Program approved by the Medical Control Board; to include patient selection, airway management including backup devices and pharmacology.
Medical Director or designee to oversee program

MEDICAL DIRECTION

Direct oversight of the program

Recommendation for program

QM Reviews all airway calls

RECOMMENDATION

The Medical Director and the Head of EMS Agency must mutually agree to participate in the program.

QM/PI PROGRAM

Standardized forms with elements to be reviewed (to be determined by the MCB)

Medical Director to review all calls where RSI was performed or attempted.

Remediation: 2 people to look at problem calls (Medical Director and NH EMS) and come up with a consensus as to remediation.

REPORTING

Monthly report to NH EMS via TEMSIS

NH EMS will report to MCB

COMPETANCE/EXPIRATION

Every 2 years

10 tubes (≥ 5 live), remaining in Simlab with medically directed scenarios

Refresher Program

Examination (proctored and closed book)

RESOURCES

MRH agreement with participating hospital which includes access to necessary inter-departments. (example: E.R, IV team, O.R, Respiratory, etc.)

Medications, as needed

Equipment (same as needed for ALS truck)

Waveform Capnography

CPAP

Personnel: 1 paramedic and 1 EMT crew member educated with the RSI

Assistant Program as approved by the Medical Control Board



**NEW HAMPSHIRE
DEPARTMENT OF SAFETY
DIVISION OF FIRE STANDARDS AND TRAINING &
EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES
NH EMS PREREQUISITE APPLICATION**
PLEASE PRINT (BLACK INK) OR TYPE



PROTOCOL NAME _____ PROTOCOL NUMBER _____

LEGAL NAME OF UNIT _____ UNIT LICENSE NUMBER _____

BUSINESS STREET ADDRESS _____
STREET CITY STATE ZIP CODE

MAILING ADDRESS _____
STREET/PO BOX CITY STATE ZIP CODE

HEAD OF UNIT _____ TITLE _____

CONTACT TELEPHONE _____ FAX (IF AVAILABLE) _____

EMAIL ADDRESS (IF AVAILABLE) _____

MEDICAL RESOURCE HOSPITAL _____

MEDICAL DIRECTOR OR DESIGNEE _____

MEDICAL DIRECTOR PHONE _____

TYPE OF APPLICATION (CIRCLE) INITIAL RENEWAL

 HEAD OF UNIT DATE MEDICAL DIRECTOR OR DESIGNEE DATE

ATTACHED IS SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION FOR ALL ELEMENTS LISTED IN Saf-C 5922.01 (e) WITH A LIST OF LICENSING PROVIDERS TRAINED UNDER Saf-C 5922.

PART Saf-C PATIENT CARE PROTOCOLS

Saf-C 5922.01 Procedures...

(d) Prerequisites required by protocol shall be established by the EMS Medical Control Board in accordance with RSA 153:A-2 XVI (a).

(e) Protocol prerequisites, when required, shall address each of the following elements:

- (1) The protocol title and number to which the prerequisites relate;
- (2) The provider licensure level necessary to carry out the protocol;
- (3) The name of the medical director, or designee, who will oversee the training module;
- (4) The MRH and EMS head of unit recommendations to the division;
- (5) The provider experience criteria;
- (6) All quality management program elements;
- (7) Reporting requirements for monitoring and skill retention;
- (8) Equipment and staff support resources necessary;
- (9) Provider renewal criteria, and
- (10) Training requirements.

INITIAL
Rapid Sequence Intubation (RSI)
Prerequisites
Checklist

- _____ **1. PROTOCOL TITLE AND NUMBER:**
Complete Application
- _____ **2. PROVIDER LICENSE LEVEL NECESSARY TO CARRY OUT THE PROTOCOL:**
Provide list of eligible providers
- _____ **3. RECOMMENDATIONS:**
Attach letters of recommendation from Medical Director and Head of Unit
- _____ **4. THE PROVIDER EXPERIENCE CRITERIA**
Provide written proof for each paramedic the following:
≥2 years as a paramedic
≥5 field tubes (not including intubations performed while a student)
- _____ **5. ALL QUALITY MANAGEMENT PROGRAM ELEMENTS**
Complete the RSI Qualifiers
- _____ **6. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR MONITORING and SKILL RETENTION**
Ability to report through TEMSIS or equivalent
- _____ **7. EQUIPMENT AND STAFF SUPPORT RESOURCES NECESSARY:**
Provided documentation of MRH agreement with participating hospital which includes access to necessary inter-departments. (ER, OR, Respiratory, etc.) and medications.
Equipment: Provided documentation through appropriate statement and/or purchase receipts
- _____ **8. TRAINING REQUIREMENT**
Provide proof of training through course completion roster signed by Medical Director

**RENEWAL
Rapid Sequence Intubation (RSI)
Prerequisites
Checklist**

- _____ **1. PROTOCOL TITLE AND NUMBER:**
Complete Application
- _____ **2. PROVIDER LICENSE LEVEL NECESSARY TO CARRY OUT THE PROTOCOL:**
Provide list of eligible providers
- _____ **3. RECOMMENDATIONS:**
Attach letters of recommendation from Medical Director and Head of Unit
- _____ **4. THE PROVIDER EXPERIENCE CRITERIA**
Provide written proof for each paramedic the following:
Provide proof eligible providers previously participated in RSI program
10 tubes (≥ 5 live), remaining in Simlab with medically directed scenarios
- _____ **5. ALL QUALITY MANAGEMENT PROGRAM ELEMENTS**
Verify previous years reporting completed
- _____ **6. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR MONITORING and SKILL RETENTION**
Ability to report through TEMSIS or equivalent
- _____ **7. EQUIPMENT AND STAFF SUPPORT RESOURCES NECESSARY:**
Provided documentation of MRH agreement with participating hospital which includes access to necessary inter-departments. (ER, OR, Respiratory, etc.) and medications.
Equipment: Provided documentation through appropriate statement and/or purchase receipts
- _____ **8. TRAINING REQUIREMENT**
Provide proof of refresher training through course completion roster signed by Medical Director

Rapid Sequence Intubation Quality Management

1. Qualifiers
2. Education Modules (includes additional documentation requirements)
3. TEMSIS Report
 - Time to patient
 - Time to intubation
 - Number of attempts vs. success
 - Overall success
 - Demographics of patients
 - Demographics of EMS events leading to RSI
 - Demographics of provider
 - Failed Airways (with RSI and without RSI)
 - Demographics of tubes for: Unit and States
3. Review by Medical Director
 - Standardized Review Process with TEMSIS and Reporting form.
 - We will be using data element as suggested from “Recommended Guidelines for Uniform Reporting of Data from Out-of-Hospital Airway Management: Position Statement of the National Association of EMS Physicians”. Wang, et al. Prehospital Emergency Care January/March 2004, Volume 8/Number 1
 - Remediation if necessary
4. Report to Bureau of EMS
 - TEMSIS
 - Medical Director’s Review Report
5. Report to Unit
 - TEMSIS
 - Medical Director’s Review Report
6. Biannual Refresher Education

NAEMSP AIRWAY MANAGEMENT REPORTING TEMPLATE

Patient demographic information:

Date: ____/____/____ Dispatch Time: ____:____ am / pm

EMS Service Name/No.: _____

Pt age (yr): _____ Patient sex: M F

1. Indication for invasive airway management (check one):

Apnea or agonal respirations
 Airway reflex compromised
 Ventilatory effort compromised
 Injury/illness involving airway
 Adequate airway reflexes/vent effort, but potential for compromise
 Other _____

2. Was endotracheal intubation (ETI) attempted?

Yes No

3. If ETI not attempted – alternate method of airway support:

Bag-Valve-Mask (BVM) Combitube
 Needle Jet Ventilation LMA
 Open Cricothyroidotomy Other Cricothyroidotomy
 CPAP/BiPAP Not Applicable (ETI Attempted)
 Other: _____

4-6. Patient subsets (Select Yes/No):

Is patient in cardiopulmonary arrest on intubation? Yes No
 Is patient a victim of trauma? Yes No
 Is patient *under* 18 years old? Yes No

7-11. Vital signs prior to ETI attempt (leave blank if not obtained):

Pulse: ____ beats/min Blood Pressure: ____ / ____ mmHg
 Resp Rate: ____ breaths/min SaO₂: ____ %

12-14. Glasgow Coma Score (GCS) before intubation:

Eye: none (1) pain (2) verbal (3) spontaneous (4)
Verbal: none (1) incomprehensible (2)
 inappropriate words (3)
 disoriented (4) oriented (5)
Motor: no response (1) extends to pain (2)
 flexes to pain (3) withdraws from pain (4)
 localizes pain (5) obeys commands (6)

15. Monitoring and treatment modalities concurrent with intubation (check all that apply):

ECG monitor Pulse-Oximetry
 IV access C-spine immobilization
 CPR (chest compressions) Gum Elastic Bougie
 BAAM Endotrol Tube
 Other: _____

17. Level of training of each rescuer attempting intubation:

Rescuer	Level of Training (check one)
A [†]	<input type="checkbox"/> EMT-P <input type="checkbox"/> EMT-I <input type="checkbox"/> EMT-B <input type="checkbox"/> Medic Student <input type="checkbox"/> Nurse/PHRN <input type="checkbox"/> Phys Asst <input type="checkbox"/> MD/DO (attend) <input type="checkbox"/> MD/DO (res) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____
B [†]	<input type="checkbox"/> EMT-P <input type="checkbox"/> EMT-I <input type="checkbox"/> EMT-B <input type="checkbox"/> Medic Student <input type="checkbox"/> Nurse/PHRN <input type="checkbox"/> Phys Asst <input type="checkbox"/> MD/DO (attend) <input type="checkbox"/> MD/DO (res) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____
C [†]	<input type="checkbox"/> EMT-P <input type="checkbox"/> EMT-I <input type="checkbox"/> EMT-B <input type="checkbox"/> Medic Student <input type="checkbox"/> Nurse/PHRN <input type="checkbox"/> Phys Asst <input type="checkbox"/> MD/DO (attend) <input type="checkbox"/> MD/DO (res) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

16-18. Provide information for each laryngoscopy attempt.

FOR ORAL ROUTE, EACH INSERTION OF BLADE (LARYNGOSCOPY) IS ONE "ATTEMPT."

FOR NASAL ROUTE, EACH PASS OF TUBE PAST NARES IS ONE "ATTEMPT."

Attempt	16. ETI Method	17. Who attempted? [†]	18. Was attempt successful?
#1	<input type="checkbox"/> OTI <input type="checkbox"/> NTI <input type="checkbox"/> Sedation <input type="checkbox"/> RSI	<input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
#2	<input type="checkbox"/> OTI <input type="checkbox"/> NTI <input type="checkbox"/> Sedation <input type="checkbox"/> RSI	<input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
#3	<input type="checkbox"/> OTI <input type="checkbox"/> NTI <input type="checkbox"/> Sedation <input type="checkbox"/> RSI	<input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
#4	<input type="checkbox"/> OTI <input type="checkbox"/> NTI <input type="checkbox"/> Sedation <input type="checkbox"/> RSI	<input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

Indicate drugs given to facilitate intubation:

Midazolam ____ mg Diazepam ____ mg
 Lidocaine ____ mg Morphine ____ mg
 Etomidate ____ mg Succinylcholine ____ mg
 Atropine ____ mg Topical Spray
 Other – Specify: _____ - ____ mg
 Other – Specify: _____ - ____ mg

19-24. Endotracheal tube confirmation.

19. Auscultation Tracheal Placement Esophageal Placement Indeterminate Not Assessed Tube not placed.
 20. Bulb Aspiration Tracheal Placement Esophageal Placement Indeterminate Not Assessed Tube not placed.
 21. Syringe Aspiration Tracheal Placement Esophageal Placement Indeterminate Not Assessed Tube not placed.
 22. Colorimetric ETCO₂ Tracheal Placement Esophageal Placement Indeterminate Not Assessed Tube not placed.
 23. Digital ETCO₂ Tracheal Placement Esophageal Placement Indeterminate Not Assessed Tube not placed.
 24. Waveform ETCO₂ Tracheal Placement Esophageal Placement Indeterminate Not Assessed Tube not placed.
 Other: _____ Tracheal Placement Esophageal Placement Indeterminate Not Assessed Tube not placed.

25. Peak ETCO₂ value: _____ Indeterminate

26. Was ETI successful for the overall encounter (on transfer of care to ED or helicopter)?

Yes No

27. Who determined the final placement (location) of ET tube?

Rescuer performing intubation.
 Another rescuer on the same team.
 Receiving helicopter crew.
 Receiving hospital team.
 Other: _____

28-32. Vital signs after intubation attempt:

Pulse: ____ beats/min Blood Pressure: ____ / ____ mmHg
 Resp Rate: ____ breaths/min SaO₂: ____ %

33. Critical complications encountered during airway management (Check all that apply):

Failed intubation effort.
 Injury or trauma to patient from airway management effort.
 Adverse event from facilitating drugs.
 Esophageal intubation – delayed detection (after tube secured).
 Esophageal intubation – detected in ED.
 Tube dislodged during transport/patient care.
 Other: _____

34. If all intubation attempts FAILED, indicate suspected reasons for failed intubation (check all that apply):

Inadequate patient relaxation Orofacial trauma.
 Inability to expose vocal cords. Secretions/blood/vomit.
 Difficult pt anatomy. Unable to access pt.
 ETI attempted, but arrived at destination facility before accomplished.
 Not applicable – Successful field ETI Other: _____

35. If all intubation attempts FAILED, indicate secondary (rescue) airway technique used (check all that apply):

Bag-Valve-Mask (BVM) Ventilation Needle/Jet Ventilation
 Combitube Open Cricothyroidotomy
 Not applicable – Successful field ETI Other: _____

36. Did secondary (rescue) airway result in satisfactory ventilation?

Yes No Not applicable

37-38. Airway Management Times

Time of decision to intubate: ____:____ am / pm
 Time of successful intubation: ____:____ am / pm
 Time intubation abandoned: ____:____ am / pm