



State of New Hampshire

PUBLIC EMPLOYEE LABOR RELATIONS BOARD

LITCHFIELD EDUCATION ASSOCIATION, :
NEA-NEW HAMPSHIRE :

Complainent :

CASE NO. T-0283:4

v. :

LITCHFIELD SCHOOL BOARD :

DECISION NO. 86-46

Respondent :

APPEARANCES

Representing the Litchfield Education Association, NEA-NH:

Marc Benson, NEA-NH UniServ Director, Region IV

Representing the Litchfield School Board:

Robert P. Leslie, Esq., Counsel

Also in Attendance:

Peter G. Dolloff, Superintendent
Larry V. Burton, Assistant Superintendent
Mark Genovesi, Principal Griffin Memorial
Neil Macy, Professor, U-Conn and Negotiator
Sheila Gorman, Member School Board
Susan Chiocca, Teacher
Cynthia Garside, Librarian

BACKGROUND

On February 3, 1986, the Litchfield Education Association, NEA-New Hampshire (Association) filed improper practice charges against the Litchfield School Board (Board) alleging unfair labor practices in violation of RSA 273-A: 5, I, (h) and (i). Specifically, the Association claims that the Board refused to grant sick leave to an employee who had requested maternity leave, contrary to the language of the contract thereby violating the existing agreement.

The Board denied any breach of RSA 273-A and stated it was simply carrying out past practice in its decisions.

A hearing was held in the PELRB office on May 15, 1986.

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. The Litchfield Education Association, NEA-NH is the exclusive representative for all permanent full-time teachers and

librarians;

- (2) On August 5, 1985, Susan Chiocca, a teacher at Griffin Memorial School in Litchfield applied for a "maternity leave" commencing on or about November 15, 1985 and lasting the remainder of the 1985-86 school year.
- (3) On October 21, 1985, Mrs. Chiocca requested sick leave for eight weeks of medical disability as certified by a physician;
- (4) On October 30, 1985, Mrs. Chiocca received a written response from Superintendent Dolloff stating that her request for "child rearing leave" (unpaid) had been granted by the School Board on August 21, 1985;
- (5) On October 31, 1985 Mrs. Chiocca initiated a grievance against the Litchfield School Board;
- (6) On January 10, 1986, the Litchfield School Board denied Mrs. Chiocca's grievance (final step);
- (7) The explicit language of Article V, Section E, "Child Rearing Leave", in the master agreement does not prohibit the use of sick leave benefits for pregnancy disability;
- (8) Article V, Section A, "Sick Leave" does not prohibit the use of sick leave benefits for pregnancy disability.

(At the hearing, a motion from the School Board to limit testimony to procedural questions only was denied.)

- (9) Extensive testimony was received from expert witness, Professor Neil Macy of the University of Connecticut, who was a negotiator for this contract to the effect that previously used categories of "maternity leave" had to be changed to "child rearing" leave to meet new legal guidelines and deal with "sick leave" separately. Professor Macy testified it was his interpretation of the contract that while on (unpaid) "child rearing" leave, other benefits were "stored" and if the individual returned to work they could claim "stored" benefits but if they did not return they lost them.

Under questioning, Professor Macy testified that his understanding was that those on leave of absence had no benefits but that an individual could get sick benefits before going on "child rearing" leave but not after beginning such leave.

- (10) Superintendent Dolloff testified that it was the Board's practice not to grant "sick leave" in anticipation of an illness but only when illness occurs and that usually one was expected back to work after "sick leave". But the issue of combining the two kinds of leave is not clear as to past practice.
- (11) Assistant Superintendent Burton, who took part in the bargaining, testified that his understanding was that the negotiations did not focus on combining "sick leave" and "child rearing" leave but rather focussed on the "event", (the child's birth or adoption per se) in terms of the marking period during the school year (the language specifying "prior to birth" is not in contract).

With respect to the Association's request for findings of fact and rulings of law:

1-8 granted;
9-12 granted, exceptions found above;
13-16 granted

RULINGS OF LAW

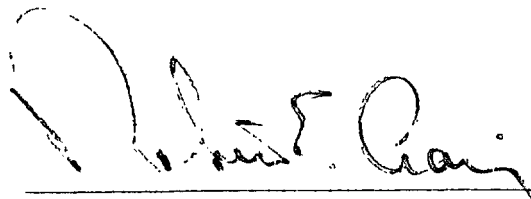
The language of the contract is not crystal clear as to whether "child rearing" leave can be combined with "sick leave" in some fashion. What is clear is that provision for "child rearing" leave is made and in separate sections "sick leave" provisions are made, including a "sick leave bank", a mechanism for accumulating sick days against a prolonged illness, as well as the accrual of 15 sick days per annum to a maximum of 125 days.

It is clear to PELRB that the provisions for sick leave days per year, and the accumulation in various forms of these sick days constitute a benefit under the contract and is a form of compensation under the contract which the employee has earned by virtue of continued satisfactory employment. As such, this benefit should be available when the employee needs it, regardless of whether the employee is or is not on "child rearing" or other leave status. The accumulation of earned benefits serves to "vest" those benefits to the employee, for their use, when they need and can justifiably claim they are provided in the contract.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Litchfield School Board is guilty of an unfair labor practice under RSA 273-A: 5, I, (h) (i) in unilaterally adopting its interpretation of the contract provisions and denying Mrs. Chiocca her right to accumulated sick leave under her master contract, and

The Litchfield School Board is ordered to pay Mrs. Chiocca sick pay for that period of time for which she has been certified by her medical doctor as sick, and otherwise make her whole.



ROBERT E. CRAIG, CHAIRMAN
PUBLIC EMPLOYEE LABOR RELATIONS BOARD

Signed this 17th day of July, 1986

By unanimous vote. Chairman Robert E. Craig presiding. Members James Anderson, Seymour Osman and Richard Roulx present and voting. Also present, Evelyn C. LeBrun, Executive Director.