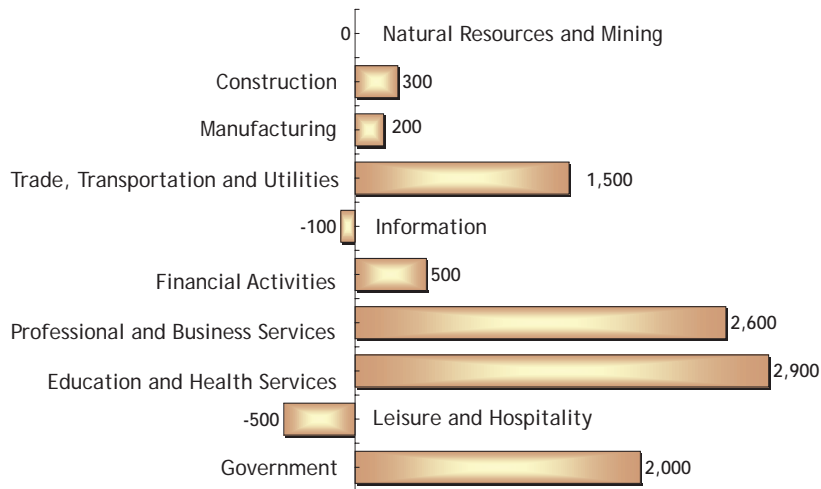


Monthly Not Seasonally Adjusted New Hampshire Nonfarm Wage and Salary Employment

Current Employment Statistics Employment by Supersector by place of establishment	Number of Jobs			Change from previous:	
	Jun-08 preliminary	May-08 revised	Jun-07	Month	Year
	Total All Supersectors	665,300	658,900	656,100	6,400
Private Employment Total	572,900	561,300	565,700	11,600	7,200
Natural Resources and Mining	1,200	1,200	1,200	0	0
Construction	29,500	29,100	29,200	400	300
Manufacturing	78,300	77,700	78,100	600	200
Durable Goods	60,200	59,800	59,700	400	500
Non-Durable Goods	18,100	17,900	18,400	200	-300
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	144,700	142,100	143,200	2,600	1,500
Wholesale Trade	29,300	28,900	28,700	400	600
Retail Trade	99,500	97,600	98,600	1,900	900
Transportation and Utilities	15,900	15,600	15,900	300	0
Information	12,400	12,300	12,500	100	-100
Financial Activities	39,200	38,800	38,700	400	500
Professional and Business	69,300	68,400	66,700	900	2,600
Education and Health	106,300	106,600	103,400	-300	2,900
Leisure and Hospitality	69,700	63,000	70,200	6,700	-500
Other Services	22,300	22,100	22,500	200	-200
Government Total	92,400	97,600	90,400	-5,200	2,000

Change in Nonfarm Employment

June 07 - June 08



Monthly Analysis of Current Employment Statistics (CES) Data

For further analysis please read the *Detailed Monthly Analysis of Industry Employment Data* on our Web site at <www.nh.gov/nhes/elmi/nonfarm.htm>

Seasonally Adjusted: The 400 added jobs in the preliminary seasonally adjusted estimates puts New Hampshire’s total number of nonfarm jobs 10,000 above the level from one year ago.

Those June preliminary seasonally adjusted estimates further showed that leisure and hospitality (supersector 70) added 1,100 jobs to its work force, and trade, transportation, and utilities (supersector 40) bolstered its staffing by 800 positions.

Also weighing in on the positive side of the ledger, manufacturing (supersector

30), information (supersector 50), and professional and business services (supersector 60) each increased their respective rosters by 100.

In a neutral mode, education and health services (supersector 65) held its employment total steady in over-the-month activity.

On the downside of June’s employment picture, government (supersector 90) had 1,000 fewer workers on the job. Construction (supersector 20) trimmed 500 jobs from its ranks. To complete June’s seasonally adjusted estimate activity, other services (supersector 80) dropped 200 jobs from the rolls,

Monthly Unadjusted Nonfarm Wage and Salary Employment by Metropolitan Statistical Areas

Employment by Sector number of jobs by place of establishment	Manchester NH MetroNECTA			Nashua NH-MA NECTA Division, NH Portion			Portsmouth NH-ME MetroNECTA, NH Portion			Rochester-Dover NH-ME MetroNECTA, NH Portion		
	preliminary Jun-08	Change from previous:		preliminary Jun-08	Change from previous:		preliminary Jun-08	Change from previous:		preliminary Jun-08	Change from previous:	
		Month	Year		Month	Year		Month	Year		Month	Year
Total All Sectors	102,400	500	700	135,900	1,600	1,800	58,000	1,700	500	57,700	-1,100	2,000
Private Employment Total	90,900	1,000	400	120,400	1,400	300	48,500	1,800	300	44,800	300	700
Natural Resources and Construction	5,000	100	-300	5,200	100	-400	1,700	100	0	2,100	100	0
Manufacturing	9,500	0	200	25,800	200	200	3,900	0	-100	7,000	0	100
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	20,700	400	100	30,200	300	-500	11,400	200	100	11,000	0	100
Wholesale Trade	4,900	100	100	6,400	0	100	2,000	0	0	1,200	0	0
Retail Trade	12,700	300	0	19,700	300	-600	8,200	200	100	8,800	0	100
Transportation, Warehousing and Utilities	Data not available			4,100	0	0	1,200	0	0	1,000	0	0
Information	3,400	0	100	2,200	0	0	1,900	0	0	1,100	0	-100
Financial Activities	8,500	0	100	9,000	100	400	5,000	100	100	3,000	0	100
Professional and	13,300	200	0	15,000	300	200	9,200	100	0	4,900	100	200
Education and Health	17,000	0	0	17,100	-100	400	5,800	0	200	8,200	0	300
Leisure and Hospitality	8,900	300	0	11,400	400	0	8,200	1,300	0	5,700	100	0
Other Services	4,600	0	200	4,500	100	0	1,400	0	0	1,800	0	0
Government Total	11,500	-500	300	15,500	200	1,500	9,500	-100	200	12,900	-1,400	1,300

Average Earnings and Hours of Production Workers in Manufacturing

Sector	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jun-08	May-08	Jun-07	Jun-08	May-08	Jun-07	Jun-08	May-08	Jun-07
	preliminary	revised		preliminary	revised		preliminary	revised	
New Hampshire									
All Manufacturing	\$679.01	\$677.64	\$682.40	39.5	38.9	40.0	\$17.19	\$17.42	\$17.06
Durable Goods	\$709.92	\$707.20	\$717.24	40.8	40.0	41.7	\$17.40	\$17.68	\$17.20
Nondurable Goods	\$581.27	\$582.45	\$575.94	35.4	35.3	34.8	\$16.42	\$16.50	\$16.55

and financial activities (supersector 55) decreased its cadre by 100.

Unadjusted: Seasonal events gave the impetus for the 6,400 jobs added to New Hampshire's payrolls in June's estimates. Leisure and hospitality (supersector 70) led with a 6,700-job increase. Next came trade, transportation, and utilities (supersector 40) with a 2,600-job growth. Professional and business services (supersector 60) added 900 jobs, and manufacturing (supersector 30) followed that with 600 added jobs. Construction (supersector 20) and financial activities (supersector 55) each augmented their respective labor

pools by 400 jobs. To wrap up June's gains, other services (supersector 80) increased its payroll by 200 spots, and information (supersector 50) brought 100 more workers on board.

Natural resources and mining (supersector 10) returned to form in the June estimates, as its job total remained unchanged.

Another school term concluded, and the event registered in government's (supersector 90) 5,200-job drop. To a lesser extent, that event also appeared in the 300 fewer jobs for private sector education and health services (supersector 65) in the June estimates.

B. G. McKay