

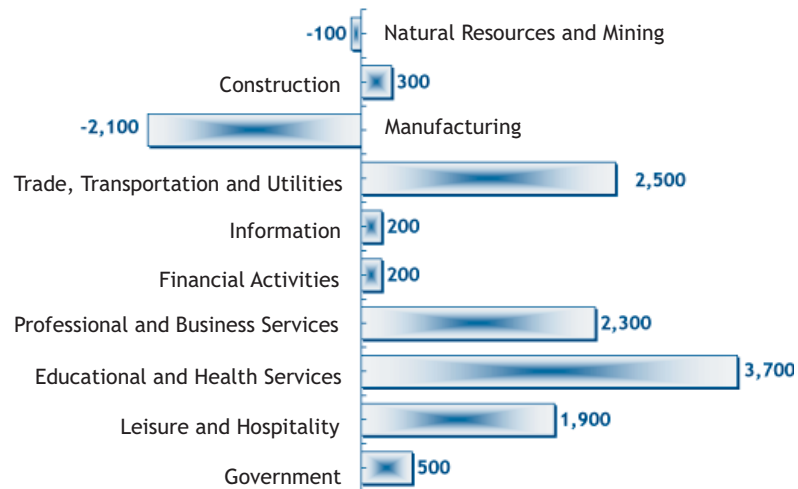
Monthly Not Seasonally Adjusted New Hampshire Nonfarm Wage and Salary Employment

The seasonal push from Leisure and hospitality provided over 60 percent of the additional private jobs in May.

Current Employment Statistics Employment by Supersector by place of establishment	Number of Jobs			Change from previous:	
	May-07 preliminary	Apr-07 revised	May-06	Month	Year
	Total All Supersectors	648,000	640,400	639,000	7,600
Private Employment Total	447,000	441,200	435,700	5,800	11,300
Natural Resources and Mining	1,000	1,000	1,100	0	-100
Construction	19,500	18,500	19,200	1,000	300
Manufacturing	75,300	75,100	77,400	200	-2,100
Durable Goods	4,200	4,300	4,700	-100	-500
Non-Durable Goods	17,600	17,600	18,500	0	-900
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	142,700	141,600	140,200	1,100	2,500
Wholesale Trade	28,600	28,400	27,900	200	700
Retail Trade	97,800	97,200	96,600	600	1,200
Transportation and Utilities	16,300	16,000	15,700	300	600
Information	12,800	12,800	12,600	0	200
Financial Activities	39,600	39,600	39,400	0	200
Professional and Business	63,400	62,900	61,100	500	2,300
Educational and Health	103,200	102,900	99,500	300	3,700
Leisure and Hospitality	63,400	59,800	61,500	3,600	1,900
Other Services	21,900	21,600	21,400	300	500
Government Total	94,900	95,100	94,800	-200	500

Change in Nonfarm Employment

May 2006 to May 2007



Monthly Analysis of Current Employment Statistics (CES) Data

For further analysis please read the *Detailed Monthly Analysis of Industry Employment Data* on our Web site at www.nhes.state.nh.us/elmi/nonfarm.htm

Seasonally Adjusted:

The seasonally adjusted employment trend line slipped 100 notches overall in May's preliminary estimates. A 500-job reduction by each trade, transportation, and utilities (supersector 40) and leisure and hospitality (supersector 70) figured prominently in the decline. Government (supersector 90) trimmed 400 jobs from its rolls during the month.

May's seasonally adjusted estimates further showed that information (supersector 50) financial activities (supersector 55), and other services (supersector 80) held their total number of employed persons at the April level.

In blotting up some of the red ink on the employment ledger, education and health services (supersector 65) expanded its work force by 600, and construction (supersector 20) added 500 jobs to its roster. Rounding out May's seasonally adjusted employment activity, manufacturing (supersector 30) and professional and business services (supersector 60) each expanded their cadre by 100 positions.

Unadjusted:

New Hampshire employers added 7,600 jobs to the state's economy according to May's unadjusted employment estimates. As the state move

Monthly Unadjusted Nonfarm Wage and Salary Employment by Metropolitan Statistical Areas

Employment by Sector number of jobs by place of establishment	Manchester NH MetroNECTA			Nashua NH-MA NECTA Division, NH Portion			Portsmouth NH-ME MetroNECTA, NH Portion			Rochester-Dover NH-ME MetroNECTA, NH Portion		
	preliminary May-07	Change from previous:		preliminary May-07	Change from previous:		preliminary May-07	Change from previous:		preliminary May-07	Change from previous:	
		Month	Year		Month	Year		Month	Year		Month	Year
Total All Sectors	100,300	900	1,100	135,400	900	2,200	57,200	1,000	1,400	57,900	800	1,500
Private Employment Total	88,700	800	1,100	120,700	1,000	2,500	47,300	1,000	1,100	43,900	600	1,300
Natural Resources and Construction	5,500	100	200	6,000	200	200	1,500	0	-200	2,000	0	0
Manufacturing	9,500	-100	300	25,100	100	-300	3,800	0	0	6,700	100	300
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	20,200	200	-100	31,700	100	800	11,400	100	400	11,400	200	400
Wholesale Trade	4,900	100	100	6,100	0	200	2,000	0	0	1,300	0	0
Retail Trade	12,700	100	200	21,200	100	500	8,100	100	300	9,000	200	300
Transportation, Warehousing and Utilities	Data not available			4,400	0	100	1,300	0	100	1,100	0	100
Information	3,100	0	-200	2,200	100	0	1,700	0	0	1,400	0	100
Financial Activities	8,000	-100	-400	9,800	0	200	4,900	0	0	2,900	0	0
Professional and	13,100	200	1,000	13,500	0	400	9,500	0	300	4,400	0	300
Educational and Health	16,500	0	200	17,000	100	800	5,900	0	200	5,600	400	100
Leisure and Hospitality	8,800	500	200	11,100	400	500	7,000	800	300	5,600	400	100

Average Earnings and Hours of Production Workers in Manufacturing

Sector	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	May-07 preliminary	Apr-07 revised	May-06	May-07 preliminary	Apr-07 revised	May-06	May-07 preliminary	Apr-07 revised	May-06
New Hampshire									
All Manufacturing	\$702.08	\$683.60	\$685.39	40.7	40.0	42.1	\$17.25	\$17.09	\$16.28
Durable Goods	\$726.57	\$721.76	\$701.84	41.4	41.6	42.9	\$17.55	\$17.35	\$16.36
Nondurable Goods	\$623.62	\$560.28	\$632.00	38.4	38.4	39.5	\$16.24	\$16.10	\$16.00
Manchester NH MetroNECTA									
All Manufacturing	\$866.53	\$825.80	\$782.81	41.6	40.7	42.8	\$20.83	\$20.29	\$18.29
Nashua NH-MA NECTA Division, NH Portion									
All Manufacturing	\$748.43	\$748.52	\$743.33	41.1	41.7	42.5	\$18.21	\$17.95	\$17.49

Note: Production workers and information for Portsmouth and Rochester are not currently available.

closer in time to the vacation season and warmer weather, leisure and hospitality (supersector 70) augmented its force with 3,600 additional workers.

Construction (supersector 20) bolstered its personnel strength by 1,800 jobs during the month, and trade, transportation, and utilities (supersector 40) increased its staff level by 1,100. Next on the list, professional and business services (supersector 60) followed with a 500-job gain. Education and health services (supersector 65) and other services (supersector 80) entered the employment picture each with a 300-job increase. To complete May's list of those industry groups adding to their

force, manufacturing (supersector 30) made a 200-job expansion.

For natural resources and mining (supersector 10), information (supersector 50), and financial activities (supersector 55), May proved to be a quiet month on the employment activity front as all three maintained their total number of jobs at the April level.

Preliminary estimates for May showed that the government (supersector 90) employment level declined by 200 jobs.

B. G. McKay