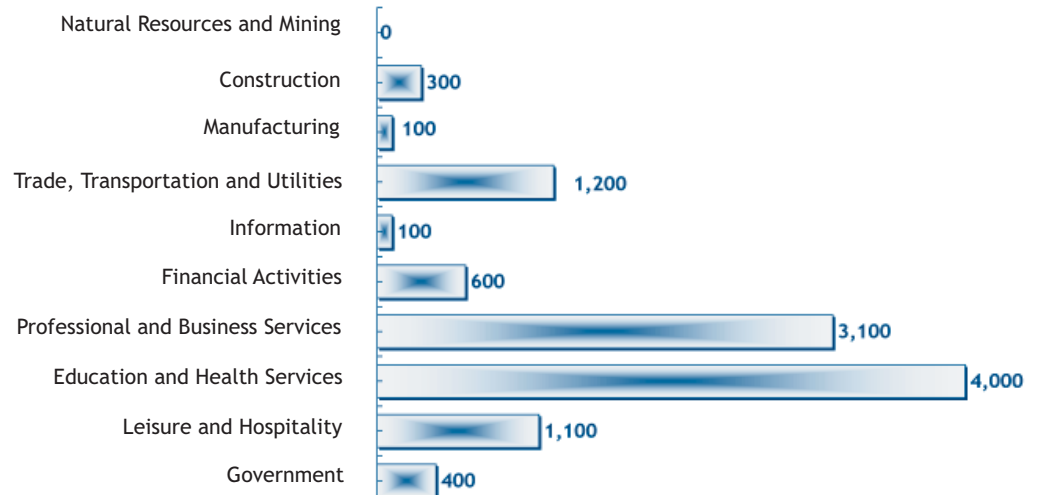


Monthly Not Seasonally Adjusted New Hampshire Nonfarm Wage and Salary Employment

Current Employment Statistics Employment by Supersector by place of establishment	Number of Jobs			Change from previous:	
	Apr-08 preliminary	Mar-08 revised	Apr-07	Month	Year
	Total All Supersectors	651,800	645,300	638,700	6,500
Private Employment Total	553,100	546,500	542,200	6,600	10,900
Natural Resources and Mining	1,100	1,100	1,100	0	0
Construction	26,600	25,000	26,300	1,600	300
Manufacturing	77,700	77,400	77,600	300	100
Durable Goods	59,800	59,600	59,500	200	300
Non-Durable Goods	17,900	17,800	18,100	100	-200
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	140,300	139,000	139,100	1,300	1,200
Wholesale Trade	28,500	28,300	28,400	200	100
Retail Trade	96,400	95,400	95,300	1,000	1,100
Transportation and Utilities	15,400	15,300	15,400	100	0
Information	12,300	12,300	12,200	0	100
Financial Activities	38,700	38,500	38,100	200	600
Professional and Business	68,000	65,700	64,900	2,300	3,100
Education and Health	106,700	106,300	102,700	400	4,000
Leisure and Hospitality	59,800	59,300	58,700	500	1,100
Other Services	21,900	21,900	21,500	0	400
Government Total	98,700	98,800	96,500	-100	400

Change in Nonfarm Employment

April 07 - April 08



Monthly Analysis of Current Employment Statistics (CES) Data

For further analysis please read the *Detailed Monthly Analysis of Industry Employment Data* on our Web site at <www.nh.gov/nhes/elmi/nonfarm.htm>

Seasonally Adjusted: Preliminary seasonally adjusted estimates for April 2008 showed that New Hampshire employers added 1,200 jobs to payrolls in the state.

With a 700-job increase, professional and business services (supersector 60) proved to be the largest contributor to the state’s employment gain during the month. Education and health services (supersector 65) followed with 400 added jobs, and manufacturing (supersector 30) and leisure and hospitality (supersector 70) each expanded their ranks by 200 jobs. Concluding the list of additions,

trade, transportation, and utilities (supersector 40) and financial activities (supersector 55) each employed 100 additional persons.

On the other side of the ledger for April, information (supersector 50) trimmed 200 jobs from its rolls, and construction (supersector 20), other services (supersector 80), and government (supersector 90) each reduced their force by 100 jobs.

Unadjusted: April’s unadjusted employment estimates showed a seasonal upturn with a 6,500-job gain. Professional

Monthly Unadjusted Nonfarm Wage and Salary Employment by Metropolitan Statistical Areas

Employment by Sector number of jobs by place of establishment	Manchester NH MetroNECTA			Nashua NH-MA NECTA Division, NH Portion			Portsmouth NH-ME MetroNECTA, NH Portion			Rochester-Dover NH-ME MetroNECTA, NH Portion		
	preliminary Apr-08	Change from previous:		preliminary Apr-08	Change from previous:		preliminary Apr-08	Change from previous:		preliminary Apr-08	Change from previous:	
		Month	Year		Month	Year		Month	Year		Month	Year
Total All Sectors	101,600	600	1,400	133,400	1,500	1,000	55,800	900	1,500	58,200	500	1,500
Private Employment Total	89,600	900	800	118,000	1,500	1,000	46,000	700	1,200	44,100	400	1,200
Natural Resources and Construction	4,800	300	-200	4,800	300	-200	1,600	100	100	1,900	100	0
Manufacturing	9,400	0	100	25,700	100	500	3,900	0	0	7,000	0	100
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	20,200	200	100	29,500	100	-500	11,100	100	200	10,900	100	0
Wholesale Trade	4,800	100	100	6,300	0	100	2,000	0	100	1,200	0	0
Retail Trade	12,400	-100	0	19,200	0	-500	7,900	100	100	8,700	100	0
Transportation, Warehousing and Utilities	Data not available			4,000	100	-100	1,200	0	0	1,000	0	0
Information	3,400	0	100	2,200	0	100	1,900	0	100	1,100	0	0
Financial Activities	8,500	0	0	8,900	100	400	4,900	0	200	3,000	0	0
Professional and Business	13,200	300	200	14,800	600	300	9,100	200	100	4,800	0	400
Education and Health	17,100	0	100	17,100	-100	300	5,700	0	100	8,200	0	400
Leisure and Hospitality	8,400	100	0	10,600	400	100	6,400	300	400	5,400	200	200
Other Services	4,600	0	400	4,400	0	0	1,400	0	0	1,800	0	100
Government Total	12,000	-300	600	15,400	0	0	9,800	200	300	14,100	100	300

Average Earnings and Hours of Production Workers in Manufacturing

Sector	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Apr-08 preliminary	Mar-08 revised	Apr-07	Apr-08 preliminary	Mar-08 revised	Apr-07	Apr-08 preliminary	Mar-08 revised	Apr-07
New Hampshire									
All Manufacturing	\$680.12	\$683.20	\$683.60	39.2	39.4	40.0	\$17.35	\$17.34	\$17.09
Durable Goods	\$704.16	\$704.85	\$721.76	40.1	40.3	41.6	\$17.56	\$17.49	\$17.35
Nondurable Goods	\$605.90	\$611.52	\$560.28	36.5	36.4	34.8	\$16.60	\$16.80	\$16.10

and business services (supersector 60) supplied 2,300 jobs to that total. Next came construction (supersector 20) with a 1,600-job increase, and trade, transportation, and utilities (supersector 40) followed with a 1,300 job expansion. Elsewhere, leisure and hospitality (supersector 70) put 500 more workers on the books. Education and health services (supersector 65) bumped up its job total by 400 in April. To wrap up activity for April in the plus column, manufacturing (supersector 30) enlarged its force by 300 jobs, and financial activities (supersector 55) augmented its staff with 200 extra positions.

Natural resources and mining (supersector 10), information (supersector 80), and other services (supersector 80) showed no changes in employment totals from the previous month's levels.

Government (supersector 90) reduced its total number of jobs by 100 to finish the list of the month's employment shifts.

B. G. McKay